



Common SEO issues	5 Failed	4 Warnings	16 Passed
<ul> <li>Meta Title Test</li> <li>This webpage is using a title tag.</li> </ul>			
<b>Text:</b> Unlock therapies with Simulated Cells™ <b>Length:</b> 38 characters			
Meta Description Test			

This webpage is using a meta description tag with a length of 140 characters. We recommend using well-written and inviting meta descriptions with a length between 150 and 220 characters (spaces included).

Text: Turbine's leverages AI in an evolving, predictive platform to understand cancer mechanisms and unlock novel therapies with Simulated Cells.<sup>™</sup> Length: 140 characters



## Google Search Results Preview Test

## **Desktop version**

## https://turbine.ai/

# Unlock therapies with Simulated Cells™

Turbine's leverages AI in an evolving, predictive platform to understand cancer mechanisms and unlock novel therapies with Simulated Cells.™

#### Mobile version

# https://turbine.ai/ Unlock therapies with Simulated Cells™

Turbine's leverages AI in an evolving, predictive platform to understand cancer mechanisms and unlock novel therapies wit...

# Social Media Meta Tags Test

This webpage is using social media meta tags.

Open Graph Meta Tags	
og:locale	en_US
og:type	website
og:title	Unlock therapies with Simulated Cells™
og:description	Turbine's leverages AI in an evolving, predictive platform to understand cancer mechanisms and unlock novel therapies with Simulated Cells.™
og:url	https://turbine.ai/
og:site_name	Turbine
Twitter Card Meta Tags	
twitter:card	summary_large_image



# Most Common Keywords Test

There is likely no optimal keyword density (search engine algorithms have evolved beyond keyword density metrics as a significant ranking factor). It can be useful, however, to note which keywords appear most often on your page and if they reflect the intended topic of your page. More importantly, the keywords on your page should appear within natural sounding and grammatically correct copy.



# 🗴 Keywords Usage Test

The most common keywords of this webpage are not distributed across the important HTML tags! Primary keywords should appear in title tag, meta description and heading tags to help Search Engines to properly identify the topic of this webpage.

Keyword	Title tag	Meta description	Headings
turbine	×	$\checkmark$	×
scientist	×	×	X
biology	×	X	$\checkmark$
translational	×	X	×
simulation	×	×	$\checkmark$



# Keywords Cloud Test

6 approach 5 associate 5 available 5 backgrounds 5 based 6 behavior 7 better
6 biologist 16 biology 8 biomarkers 5 bioworks 9 building 7 cancer 11 cell 10 cells
9 chief 14 collapse 7 combination 9 community 4 consent 5 current 5 deep
5 developer 7 development 5 different 11 director 9 discovery 8 disease 9 drug
8 engineer 10 engineering 5 experimental 8 experiments 5 founder 5 generate
6 generation 5 ginkgo 7 have 11 head 5 human 7 hypotheses 6 important
5 inaugural 10 join 5 joins 5 junior 9 just 5 knowledge 8 lead 4 learn 10 like
6 manager 5 mechanisms 14 model 13 models 8 molecular 5 need 6 network
5 novel 8 officer 5 oncology 8 partner 9 patient 13 patients 5 people 6 pipeline
14 platform5 policy7 president5 privacy8 process4 rationalize6 research
6 resistance 4 responders 5 response 4 scale 9 scientific 21 scientist 11 senior
6 simulated 15 simulation 10 simulations 7 software 7 studies 6 talented 5 team
7 tech 7 technology 6 therapies 5 tools 9 training 15 translational 34 turbine
8 understand 5 using 7 vice 7 vitro 6 vivo 6 working

# Related Keywords Test

This URL is currently ranked in the top 20 organic Google listings for the search terms below:

- turbine ai
- turbine company
- turbine company
- daniel veres
- i turbine
- turbime
- tuebine
- turbinr
- trubine
- turbine tech



## Competitor Domains Test

This domain has an Authority Score of **26/100** while the **Average Authority Score** of top 100 sites is **89.5**. Some of the most relevant competitors for this domain are listed below:

# Heading Tags Test

This webpage contains too many H1 tags! H1 tags should re-inforce the intended topic of your page to search engines - too many tags may make the topic less clear, or look like spam tactics. Consider using less than 5 H1 tags.

#### H1 tags

Notice

UNDERSTAND PATIENTS WITH SIMULATED CELLS™

SIMULATIONS CAPTURE PATIENT BIOLOGY WHERE EXPERIMENTS FAIL

ENGINEERING A WAY TO UNDERSTAND BIOLOGY

A SINGLE PLATFORM TO RATIONALIZE THE ENTIRE R&D PROCESS

BUILDING DEEP TECH FOR DEEP BIOLOGY

#### H2 tags

FOUNDERS AND MANAGEMENT

BOARD AND ADVISORS

**UNLOCK CURES** 

FIND THE BEST RESPONDERS

OVERCOME RESISTANCE

RATIONALIZE R&D



Congratulations! Your site uses a "robots.txt" file.

https://turbine.ai/robots.txt



## Sitemap Test

This website has a sitemap file. https://turbine.ai/sitemap\_index.xml

SEO Friendly URL Test

All links from this webpage are SEO friendly.

## 🗴 Image Alt Test

This webpage is using "img" tags with empty or missing "alt" attribute!

## How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test you must add an **alt** attribute to every **<img>** tag used into your webpage. An image with an alternate text specified is inserted using the following HTML line:

#### <img src="image.png" alt="text\_to\_describe\_your\_image">

Remember that the point of alt text is to provide the same functional information that a visual user would see. Search engines, users who disabled images in their browsers and other agents who are unable to see the images on your webpage can read the alt attributes assigned to the image since they cannot view it.

Learn more about optimizing images for SEO.

# 🗴 Responsive Image Test

Not all images in this webpage are properly sized! This webpage is serving images that are larger than needed for the size of the user's viewport.

## How to pass this test?

This issue can be fixed by using responsive images, which relies on creating multiple versions of each image, that are served via CSS media queries depending on the user's viewport dimensions.

Another solution can be to use vector-based image formats like SVG. SVG images scale appropriately to any size, without wasting unnecessary bandwidth. Also consider image CDNs that can help serve responsive images.

# Image Aspect Ratio Test

All image display dimensions match the natural aspect ratio.



## Inline CSS Test

This webpage is using inline CSS styles!

## How to pass this test?

It is a good practice to move all the inline CSS rules into an external file in order to make your page "lighter" in weight and decrease the code to text ratio.

- check the HTML code of your page and identify all style attributes
- for each style attribute found you must properly move all declarations in the external CSS file and remove the style attribute

For example:

<!--this HTML code with inline CSS rule:--> some text here <!--would became:--> some text here

<!--and the rule added into your CSS file:--> p{color:red; font-size: 12px}



This webpage does not use HTML deprecated tags.



# Soogle Analytics Test

A Google Analytics script is not detected on this page. While there are several tools available to monitor your site's visitors and traffic sources, Google Analytics is a free, commonly recommended program to help diagnose potential SEO issues.

## How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test you must create an account on Google Analytics site and insert into your page a small javascript tracking code.

## Example:

```
<!-- Google Analytics -->
<script>
(function(i,s,o,g,r,a,m){i['GoogleAnalyticsObject']=r;i[r]=i[r] | function(){
(i[r].q=i[r].q| |[]).push(arguments)},i[r].l=1*new Date();a=s.createElement(o),
m=s.getElementsByTagName(o)[0];a.async=1;a.src=g;m.parentNode.insertBefore(a,m)
})(window,document,'script','//www.google-analytics.com/analytics.js','ga');
ga('create', 'UA-XXXX-Y', 'auto');
ga('create', 'pageview');
</script>
<!-- End Google Analytics -->
```

Note that you have to change the 'UA-XXXX-Y' with the proper id which you'll find in your analytics account.



This website appears to have a favicon.



# • Backlinks Test

This domain has an Authority Score of 26/100 while the Average Authority Score of top 100 sites is 89.5. Also, this domain has 2,555 backlinks from 502 referring domains and some recently found backlinks are listed below:

MAR 11, 2024	http://www.websitescrawl.com/domain-list-21785
MAR 11, 2024	https://me-tubec.blogspot.com/sport/%CF%80%CE%BF%CE%B4%CF%8C%CF%83%CF%86%CE%
MAR 11, 2024	https://businessonline.hu/cikk/137559/
MAR 10, 2024	https://parsers.vc/fund/massmutualventures.com/
MAR 10, 2024	https://www.appengine.ai/company/turbine
MAR 10, 2024	https://visegradnow.substack.com/p/budapest-letters-57
MAR 10, 2024	https://www.upmarket.co/private-markets/pre-ipo/turbine/

# JS Error Test

There are no severe JavaScript errors on this webpage.

# l Console Errors Test

This webpage has some warnings caught by the Chrome DevTools Console!

## How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test, you have to fix all the warnings reported in Chrome DevTools console. You can also visit Google's documentation for further troubleshooting support: https://developer.chrome.com/docs/devtools/issues/

# Charset Declaration Test

This webpage has a character encoding declaration.

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

# Social Media Test

This webpage is connected successfully with social media using: Facebook



# Speed optimizations

# 🗴 HTML Page Size Test

The size of this webpage's HTML is **47.09 Kb**, and is greater than the average size of **33 Kb**! This can lead to slower loading times, lost visitors, and decreased revenue. Good steps to reduce HTML size include: using HTML compression, CSS layouts, external style sheets, and moving javascript to external files.

# How to pass this test?

In order to resolve this problem you are advised to:

- use gzip compression
- move all CSS style rules into a single, external and minified CSS file
- minify all JS files and, if possible, try combining them into a single external JS file
- use CSS layouts

# 🗴 DOM Size Test

The Document Object Model (DOM) of this webpage has **1,526 nodes** which is greater than the recommended value of 1,500 nodes! A large DOM size negatively affects site performance and increases the page load time.

## How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test, you need to reduce the DOM size.

First, you need to identify the causes of an excessive number of DOM nodes. They can be: poorly coded plugins or themes, DOM nodes created dynamically via JavaScript, page builders that generate bloated HTML, copy-paste text into a WYSIWYG editor, hidden elements via CSS, etc.

Second, you need to remove the unnecessary tags and even refactor or rewrite some parts of the code/template. Another workarounds can be: code splitting (create more pages instead of one long page), consider to lazy load some parts of your website in order to speed up the initial rendering, implement infinite scroll, improve page rendering with content visibility (with the CSS content-visibility property, the browser will skip the styling, layout, and paint until the user scrolls down the page).

# HTML Compression/GZIP Test

This webpage is successfully compressed using gzip compression on your code. The HTML code is compressed from 282.46 Kb to 47.09 Kb (83% size savings). This helps ensure a faster loading webpage and improved user experience.

# Site Loading Speed Test

The loading time of this webpage (measured from N. Virginia, US) is around **4.67 seconds** and this is under the average loading speed which is **5 seconds**.



# ✓ JS Execution Time Test

The JavaScript code used by this webpage is executed in less than 2 seconds.



# 🗴 Page Objects Test

This webpage is using more than 20 http requests, which can slow down page loading and negatively impact user experience!

# Content size by content type

Content type	Percent	Size
Image	85.1 %	3.17 Mb
Javascript	10.6 %	402.83 Kb
Css	2.1 %	78.36 Kb
Html	1.4 %	54.35 Kb
Font	0.6 %	22.37 Kb
Other	0.3 %	12.13 Kb
TOTAL	100%	3.73 Mb

## Requests by content type

Content type	Percent	Requests
Image	69.8 %	113
Javascript	16.7 %	27
Css	8.0 %	13
Other	3.1 %	5
Html	1.2 %	2
Font	1.2 %	2
TOTAL	100%	162

#### Content size by domain

Domain	Percent	Size
turbine.ai	90.1 %	3.36 Mb
gstatic.com	5.7 %	219.08 Kb
cdn.iubenda.com	2.7 %	102.07 Kb



google.com	1.2 %	46.00 Kb
fonts.gstatic.com	0.2 %	8.22 Kb
fonts.googleapis.com	0.0 %	1.17 Kb
cs.iubenda.com	0.0 %	780 B
hits-i.iubenda.com	0.0 %	591 B
TOTAL	100%	3.73 Mb

# Requests by domain

Domain	Percent	Requests
turbine.ai	89.5 %	145
cdn.iubenda.com	3.7 %	6
google.com	3.1 %	5
gstatic.com	1.2 %	2
fonts.googleapis.com	0.6 %	1
fonts.gstatic.com	0.6 %	1
cs.iubenda.com	0.6 %	1
hits-i.iubenda.com	0.6 %	1
TOTAL	100%	162



# 😣 Page Cache Test (Server Side Caching)

It doesn't appear that this website is caching webpages. Cached pages serve up static html and avoid potentially time consuming queries to your database. It also helps lower server load by up to 80%. Caching most visibly benefits high traffic pages that access a database, but whose content does not change on every page view. Common caching methods include Alternative PHP Cache, Quickcache, and WP Super Cache (for Wordpress sites). Caching mechanisms also typically compress HTML, further reducing page size and load time.

## How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test you are advised to use a caching mechanism for your pages. There are three methods which can be used to caching your web pages:

#### 1. Alternative PHP caching

- Alternative PHP Cache (APC) is an open source framework which caches data using intermediate PHP code. Most web programmers who are familiar with the PHP programming language can easily set up Alternative PHP Cache for your site.

#### 2. Quickcache

- Quickcache is a lightweight page caching solution which was formerly known as jpcache. Quickcache caches the page output rather than compiling the PHP page, making it a superior version of page caching to the Alternative PHP caching. Quickcache can be quickly downloaded from their website and can reduce your page load time up to 80%.

#### 3. WP Super Cache

- If you have a Wordpress website, WP Super Cache can be installed within seconds and without no programming knowledge.

# 🕗 Flash Test

This webpage does not include flash objects (an outdated technology that was sometimes used to deliver rich multimedia content). Flash content does not work well on mobile devices, and is difficult for crawlers to interpret.

# CDN Usage Test

This webpage is not serving all resources (images, javascript and css) from CDNs!

## How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test you are advised to use a CDN service. A Content Delivery Network (CDN) is a globally distributed network of web servers that allows a quick transfer of assets and provides high availability and high performance. The primary benefits of using a CDN service are:

- Improving website loading times
- Reducing bandwidth costs
- Increasing content availability and redundancy
- Improving website security



## 🗴 Modern Image Format Test

This webpage is not serving images in a modern format! Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption.

#### How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test, convert all the images listed in this report into a modern image format such as JPEG 2000, JPEG XR or WebP.

It's important to understand that the modern image formats, like WebP, are not yet widely supported across all devices and browsers. You can find here a full list of supported browsers and devices for the WebP format.

If your target audience falls within one of the unsupported browser/device categories, you should serve optimized fall-back images in the original JPEG/PNG format so that your users don't see a broken or badly designed page:

```
<!--Before:-->
<img src="image.jpg" alt="">
<!--After:-->
<picture>
<source type="image/webp" srcset="image.webp">
<img src="image.jpg" alt="">
</picture>
```

The browser uses the first listed source that's in a format it supports. If the browser does not support any of the formats listed in the "source" tags, it falls back to loading the image specified by the "img" tag.

# 🗴 Image Metadata Test

This webpage is using images with large metadata (more than 16% of the image size)! Stripping out unnecessary metadata tags can improve not only the loading time but also the security and privacy of a webpage.

## How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test, you have to remove the unnecessary image metadata (additional information which is stored along with the image). There are literally hundreds of metadata tags, but most of them (like camera model and settings, exposure, creation date, etc) are useless to site visitors and isn't required by browsers to render images. However, a few metadata tags can still be useful and may help Search Engine bots to better understand your images:

- **GPS tags** These define where the image was taken providing location information that might help with local SEO. If you have a location-based business, tag your image with the GPS coordinates of your premises.
- Author/Owner Name Add your brand name (or your own name) here because it may influence the image being shown when someone searches your brand in Google Images.
- Image Description Just like an ALT description, the image description metadata tag can provide information pertaining to what the content of the image is about.



# Image Caching Test

This website is not using cache headers for images. Setting cache headers can help speed up the serving of a webpage for returning users. Learn more about how to add expires headers to your images.

## How to pass this test?

In order to reduce the number of HTTP requests, you can use the HTTP Expires header to set an expiration time for your images or any other content type. You can add the following lines into your **.htaccess** file:

```
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
ExpiresActive on
ExpiresByType image/jpg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/jpeg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/gif "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/png "access plus 1 month"
</IfModule>
```

# 😢 JavaScript Caching Test

This webpage is not using cache headers for JavaScript resources! Setting cache headers can help to speed up the webpage for returning users.

#### How to pass this test?

In order to reduce the number of HTTP requests, you can use the HTTP Expires header to set an expiration time for your JavaScript resources or any other content type. You can add the following lines into your **.htaccess** file:

```
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
ExpiresActive on
ExpiresByType text/javascript "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/javascript "access plus 1 month"
</IfModule>
```



# CSS Caching Test

This webpage is not using cache headers for CSS resources! Setting cache headers can help to speed up the webpage for returning users.

## How to pass this test?

In order to reduce the number of HTTP requests, you can use the HTTP Expires header to set an expiration time for your CSS resources or any other content type. You can add the following lines into your **.htaccess** file:

IfModule mod\_expires.c> ExpiresActive on

ExpiresByType text/css "access plus 1 month" </IfModule>



All JavaScript files used by this webpage are minified.

CSS Minification Test

All CSS resources used by this webpage are minified.

## 🗴 Render Blocking Resources Test

This webpage is using render blocking resources! Eliminating render-blocking resources can help this webpage to load significantly faster and will improve the website experience for your visitors.

#### How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test, you have to reduce the impact of render-blocking resources.

First, you have to identify what's critical and what's not. You can use the Chrome DevTools (Coverage tab) to identify non-critical CSS and JS.

Once you've identified critical code, you can try the below methods to eliminate render-blocking resources:

- inline critical JS within a script tag in your HTML document
- inline critical CSS required for the first paint inside a style block in the head of the HTML document
- move the script and link tags at the end of the HTML document
- add async or defer attributes to non-critical script or link tags
- split CSS styles into different files, organized by media query
- compress and minify your text-based resources





This webpage is not using nested tables. This speeds up page loading time and optimizes the user experience.

# Frameset Test

This webpage does not use frames.

# Octype Test

This webpage has a doctype declaration.

<!DOCTYPE html>

# URL Redirects Test

This URL doesn't have any redirects (which could potentially cause site indexation issues and site loading delays).



# Largest Contentful Paint Test

The Largest Contentful Paint duration of this webpage is 2.27 seconds. To provide a good user experience, Google recommends that sites should strive to have Largest Contentful Paint of 2.5 seconds or less.

#### Largest Contentful Paint element within the viewport:

<img src="https://turbine.ai/wp-content/themes/turbine/image...">



# Cumulative Layout Shift Test

The CLS score of this webpage is **0.2972**. To provide a good user experience, Google recommends that sites should strive to have a CLS score of **0.1** or less.

#### DOM element which contributes the most to CLS score:

Text: SIMULATIONS CAPTURE PATIENT BIOLOGY WHERE EXPERIMENTS FAIL DRUG DISCOVERY IS LIM... Html: <section class="approach-section"> Score: 0.1124

## How to pass this test?

Reducing CLS is crucial as pages that move around can result in a negative user experience (particularly on mobile devices). For most websites, you can avoid all unexpected layout shifts by sticking to a few guiding principles:

- Always include size attributes on your images and video elements, or otherwise reserve the required space with something like CSS aspect ratio boxes. This approach ensures that the browser can allocate the correct amount of space in the document while the image is loading.
- Try and avoid inserting dynamic content (e.g., banners, forms, etc.) above existing content unless in response to user interaction. This ensures any layout shifts that occur are expected.
- Prefer transform animations to animations of properties that trigger layout changes. Animate transitions in a way that provides context and continuity from state to state.

Server and security	2 Failed	0 Warnings	8 Passed

🕑 URL Canonicalization Test

https://turbine.ai/ and https://www.turbine.ai/ resolve to the same URL.

# SEO Site Checkup

nunication protocol over the Internet. e.
e.
certificate.
prowsers.
turbine.ai
turbine.ai, www.turbine.ai
Wed, April 19th 2023, 12:32:56 pm (UTC)
Thu, April 18th 2024, 12:32:55 pm (UTC)
sha256WithRsaEncryption
Certum Domain Validation CA SHA2
Certum Domain Validation CA SHA2
Unizeto Technologies S.A.
PL
Thu, September 11th 2014, 12:00:00 pm (UTC)
Wed, June 9th 2027, 10:46:39 am (UTC)
sha256WithRsaEncryption
Certum Trusted Network CA
Certum Trusted Network CA
Unizeto Technologies S.A.



Location	PL
Not Valid Before	Wed, October 22nd 2008, 12:07:37 pm (UTC)
Not Valid After	Mon, December 31st 2029, 12:07:37 pm (UTC)
Signature Algorithm	sha1WithRsaEncryption
lssuer	Certum Trusted Network CA

## Mixed Content Test (HTTP over HTTPS)

This webpage does not use mixed content - both the initial HTML and all other resources are loaded over HTTPS.

## HTTP2 Test

This webpage is using the HTTP/2 protocol.

# Safe Browsing Test

This website is not currently listed as suspicious (no malware or phishing activity found).

## Server Signature Test

The server signature is off for this webpage.

## Directory Browsing Test

Directory browsing is disabled for this website.

## 🕗 Plaintext Emails Test

This webpage does not include email addresses in plaintext.



# VInsafe Cross-Origin Links Test

This webpage is using target="\_blank" links without rel="noopener" or rel="noreferrer" attribute, which can expose it to performance and security issues!

## How to pass this test?

In order to pass this test, you have to update each link identified in this report, by adding a **rel="noopener"** or a **rel="noreferrer"** attribute or both:

```
<a href="https://example.com" target="_blank" rel="noopener noreferrer">
Click here
</a>
```

- **rel="noopener"** prevents the new page from being able to access the **window.opener** property and ensures it runs in a separate process.
- rel="noreferrer" has the same effect but also prevents the Referer header from being sent to the new page.

Mobile usability	0 Failed	0 Warnings	3 Passed
Meta Viewport Test			
This webpage is using a viewport meta tag.			
<meta content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1" name="viewport"/>			

## Media Query Responsive Test

This webpage is using CSS media queries, which is the base for responsive design functionalities.



Mobile Snapshot Test

Turbine joins Ginkgo Bioworl Technology Network as Inau Partner		
Vi turbine.		
turbine.		
Notice		
We and selected third part information as specified in cookies or similar technolo and, with your consent, for measurement.	the <u>privacy policy</u> and use gies for technical purposes	
You can freely give, deny, o any time by accessing the p consent may make related	preferences panel. Denying features unavailable. to consent. Use the "Reject	
Experience	Measurement	
Reject all	Accept all	
Learn more		

# Advanced SEO

0 Failed 2 Warnings 8 Passed



This webpage is using structured data.

# Custom 404 Error Page Test

This website is using a custom 404 error page. We recommend to have a custom 404 error page in order to improve the website's user experience by letting users know that only a specific page is missing/broken (and not the entire site), providing them helpful links, the opportunity to report bugs, and potentially track the source of broken links.

## Noindex Tag Test

This webpage does not use the noindex meta tag. This means that it can be indexed by search engines.



# Canonical Tag Test

This webpage is using the canonical link tag. This tag specifies that the URL: https://turbine.ai/ is preferred to be used in search results. Please ensure that this specification is correct, as canonical tags are often hard-coded and may not always reflect the latest changes in a site's URL structure.

<link href="https://turbine.ai/" rel="canonical"/>

## Nofollow Tag Test

This webpage does not use the nofollow meta tag. This means that search engines will crawl all links from this webpage.

## Disallow Directive Test

Your robots.txt file includes a disallow command which instructs search engines to avoid certain parts of your website! You are advised to confirm if access to these resources or pages are intended to be blocked (e.g., if they contain internal-only content or sensitive information).

# 🔮 Meta Refresh Test

This webpage is not using a meta refresh tag.

## 🔮 SPF Records Test

This DNS server is using an SPF record.

v=spf1 a:mail.turbine.hu ip4:45.63.41.225 include:spf.protection.outlook.com -all

## Ads.txt Validation Test

This website doesn't use an ads.txt file! Ads.txt is a text file that contains a list of Authorized Digital Sellers. The purpose of ads.txt files is to give advertisers and advertising networks the ability to verify who is allowed to sell advertising on your website